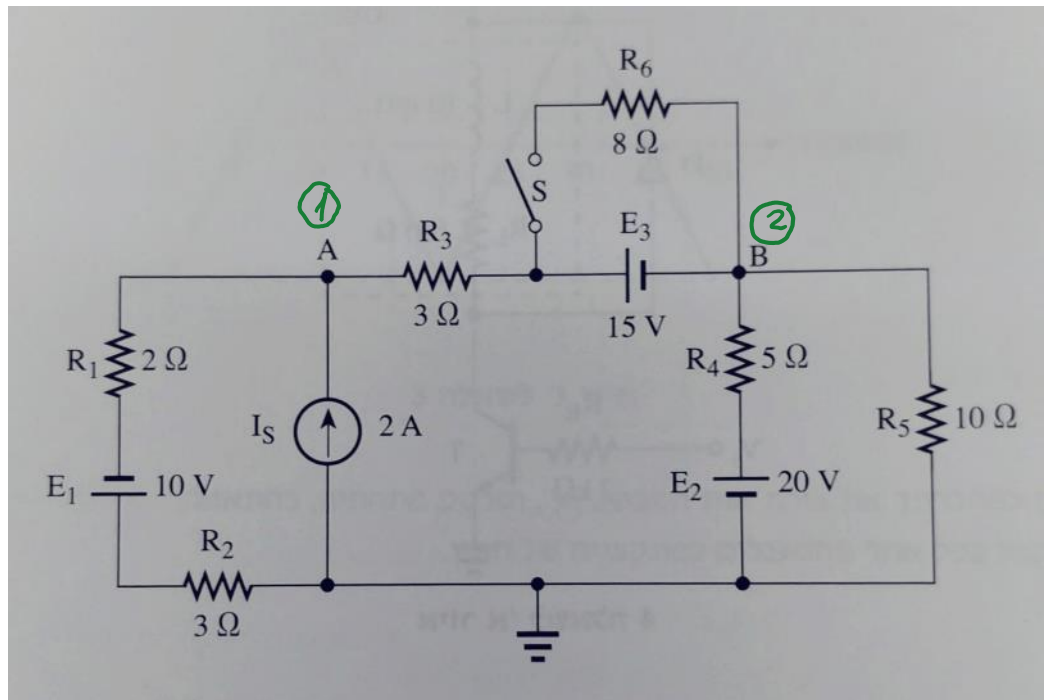


5



$$\textcircled{E} \begin{pmatrix} G_{11} & -G_{12} \\ -G_{21} & G_{22} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} I_{sc1} \\ I_{sc2} \end{pmatrix} \Rightarrow$$

$$\begin{pmatrix} \frac{8}{15} & -\frac{1}{3} \\ -\frac{1}{3} & \frac{19}{30} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} V_1 \\ V_2 \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} 5 \\ -1 \end{pmatrix}$$

$$G_{11} = \frac{1}{R_1 R_2} + \frac{1}{R_3} = \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{3} = \frac{8}{15} \text{ S}$$

$$G_{22} = \frac{1}{R_3} + \frac{1}{R_4} + \frac{1}{R_5} = \frac{1}{3} + \frac{1}{5} + \frac{1}{10} = \frac{19}{30} \text{ S}$$

$$G_{12} = G_{21} = \frac{1}{R_3} = \frac{1}{3} \text{ S}$$

$$I_{sc1} = -\frac{E_1}{R_1 R_2} + I_s + \frac{E_2}{R_3} = -2 + 2 + 5 = 5 \text{ A}$$

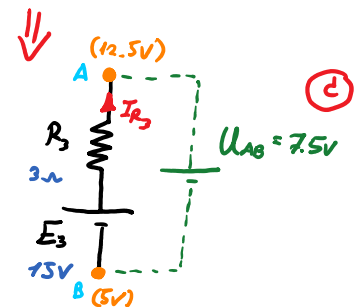
$$I_{sc2} = -\frac{E_3}{R_3} + \frac{E_2}{R_4} = -5 + 4 = -1 \text{ A}$$

$$V_1 = V_A = 12.5 \text{ V}$$

$$V_2 = V_B = 5 \text{ V}$$

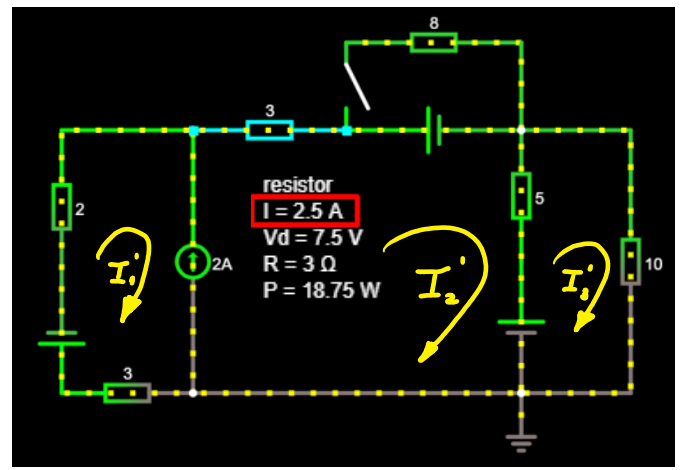
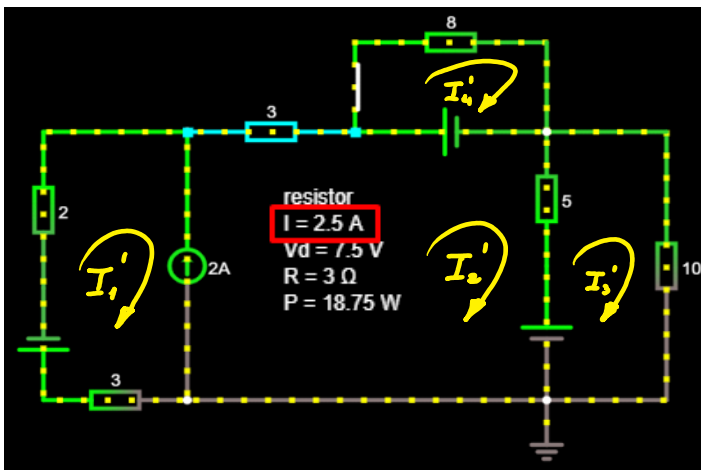
$$I_{R_3} = \frac{E_3 - U_{AB}}{R_3} = \frac{15 - 7.5}{3}$$

$$I_{R_3} = 2.5 \text{ A (B} \rightarrow \text{A)}$$



③ כאשר התפסק S יסרה, הזרם דרך R3 יהיה לא שווה!

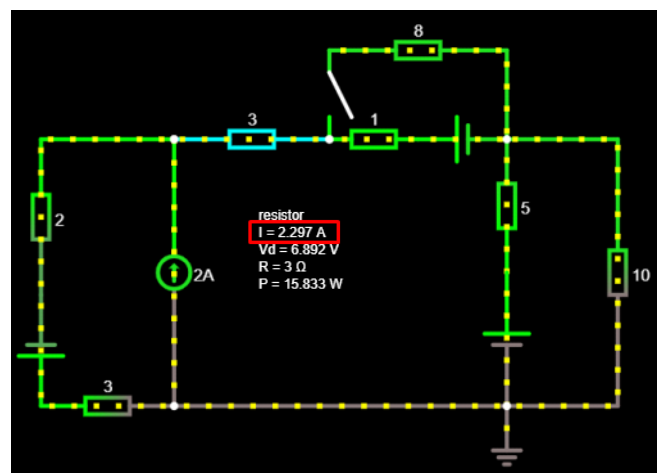
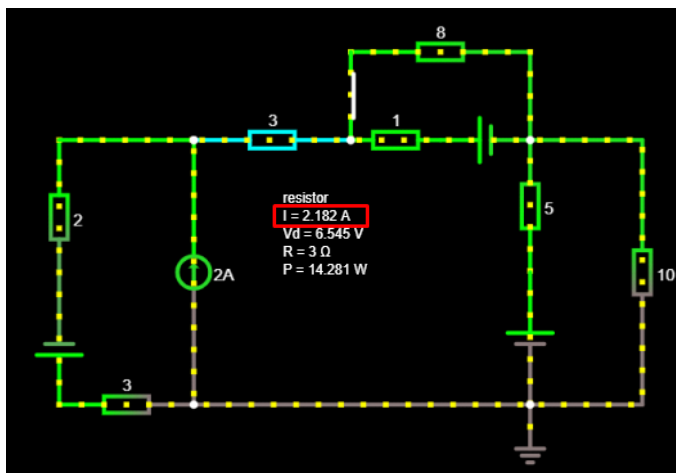
קדם לזאת נראה במערכת ניהול המעלה במחיר, אך אם נראה את המעלה כזו מלבד התפסק במערכת שיהיה לזמן תוס'פ, נראה במעלה בקלות:



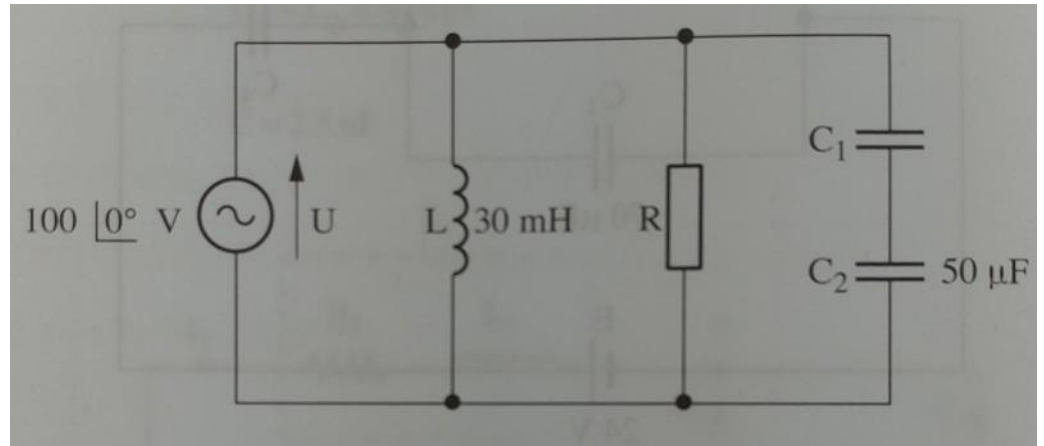
<https://www.falstad.com/circuit/circuitjs.html?ctz=CQAgjCAMB0I3BWEDYCYDMqDsrUE4AOLSAgsJddELZSZAUwFowwAoAJxABYCOA2Lt15gsfKCFSSAbkPCjZqBGLp0udM-CvEwEHBuVbDBi5SHSsAlgaP6wh-oLqTOtwQIn63dMzPQFX1sU9xNXAkTW1dXwd3EzoCVgBnGPFjey0QADMAQwAbBPpWAHdTP3EotMhI0rdysD5NHR9S1Nr69JDUcKhoHU4uNzd+gPENlpL-bgGHMfLUoeTK4pdK2f1F2Tdlz1YAc3GV5tltViA>

אם נתון זרם או מתח במעגל, נבדוק האם יש חוקי קירכה לא
מספיקים כדי למצוא את הזרמים, ואם לא, נשתמש בחוקי קירכה
למציאת הזרמים.

אם היה באזור E_3 גודל מתח, נבדוק האם יש חוקי קירכה
מספיקים כדי למצוא את הזרמים, ואם לא, נשתמש בחוקי קירכה
למציאת הזרמים.



6



$$\textcircled{1} BW = \frac{f_0}{Q_0}$$

$$50 = \frac{212.2}{Q_0}$$

$$Q_0 = 4.244$$

$\Rightarrow$

$$\textcircled{2} Q_0 = \frac{R}{\omega_0 L}$$

$$4.244 = \frac{R}{2\pi \cdot 212.2 \cdot 30 \cdot 10^{-3}}$$

$$R = 169.754 \Omega$$

$$\textcircled{2} f_0 = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{L C_T}}$$

$$212.2 = \frac{1}{2\pi \sqrt{30 \cdot 10^{-3} C_T}}$$

$$C_T = C_1 \rightarrow C_2$$

$$C_T = 18.751 \mu\text{F} \Rightarrow 18.751 = \left(\frac{1}{C_1} + \frac{1}{50} \right)^{-1}$$

$$C_1 = 30 \mu\text{F}$$

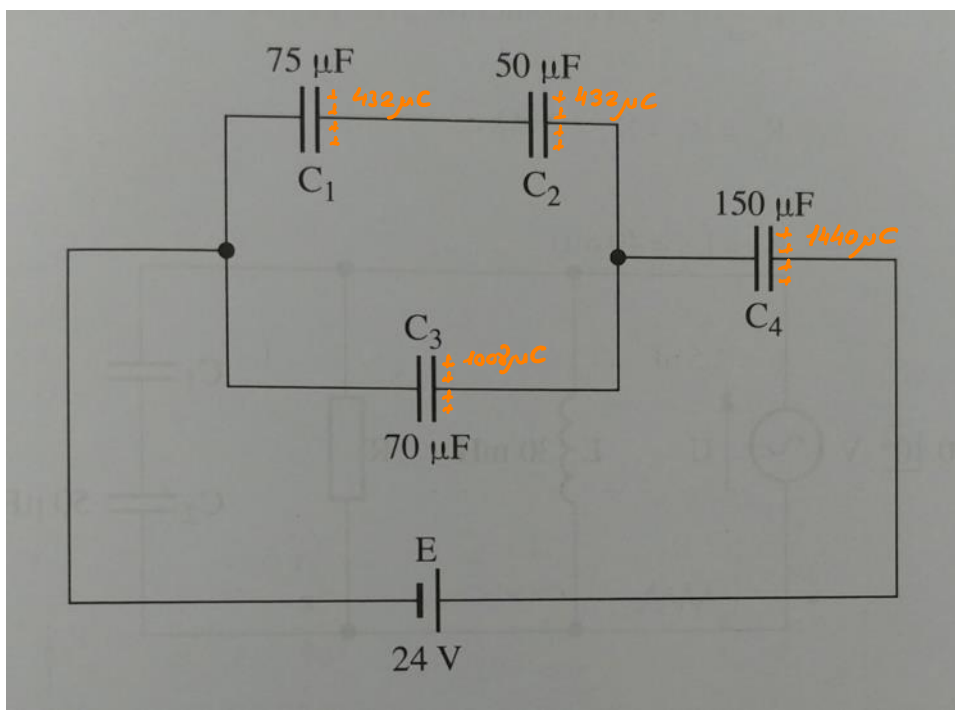
$$\textcircled{3} \underline{X}_L = j\omega_0 L = j2\pi \cdot 212.2 \cdot 30 \cdot 10^{-3} = j40 \Omega \Rightarrow \underline{X}_C = -j40 \Omega$$

$$\underline{I}_R = \underline{I}_T = \frac{\underline{U}}{R} = \frac{100 \angle 0^\circ}{169.754} = 0.589 \angle 0^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$\underline{I}_L = \frac{\underline{U}}{\underline{X}_L} = \frac{100 \angle 0^\circ}{j40} = 2.5 \angle -90^\circ \text{ A}$$

$$\underline{I}_C = \frac{\underline{U}}{\underline{X}_C} = \frac{100 \angle 0^\circ}{-j40} = 2.5 \angle 90^\circ \text{ A}$$

7



$$\textcircled{a} \quad C_T = [(C_1 \rightarrow C_2) \parallel C_3] \rightarrow C_4 =$$

$$= \left[\left(\frac{1}{75} + \frac{1}{50} \right)^{-1} + 70 \right] \rightarrow 150 =$$

$$= [30 + 70] \rightarrow 150 = \left(\frac{1}{100} + \frac{1}{150} \right)^{-1} = \boxed{60 \mu F}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad Q_T = C_T \cdot E = 60 \cdot 10^{-6} \cdot 24 = 1440 \mu C$$

$$Q_3 = Q_T \cdot \frac{C_3}{C_3 + C_{1,2}} = 1440 \cdot \frac{70}{70 + 30} = \boxed{1008 \mu C}$$

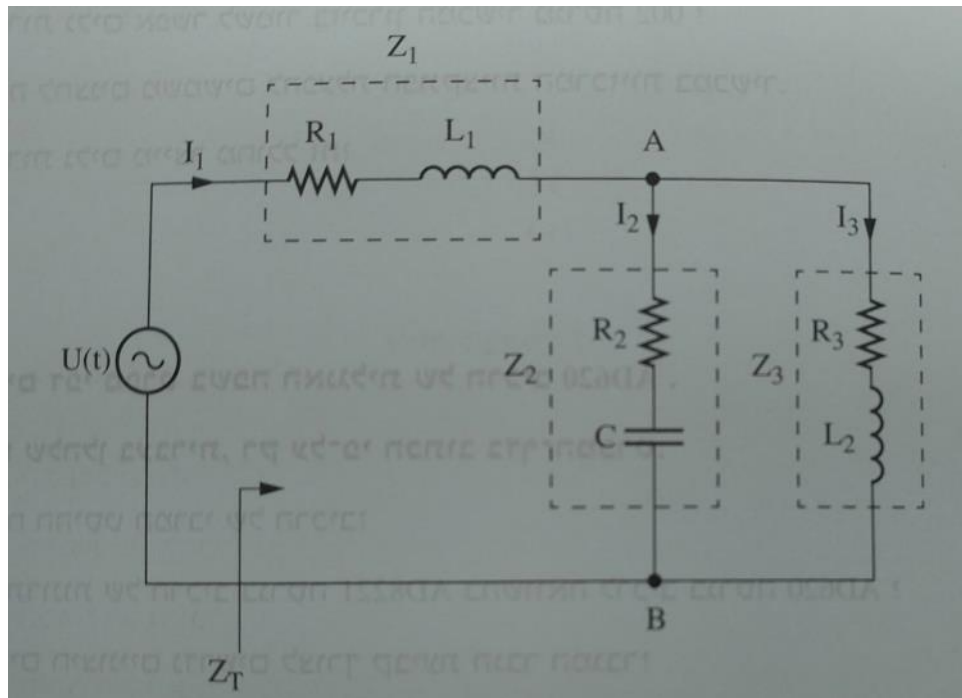
$$\textcircled{c} \quad Q_1 = Q_2 = Q_T - Q_3 = 1440 - 1008 = 432 \mu C$$

$$U_1 = \frac{Q_1}{C_1} = \frac{432}{75} = \boxed{5.76 V}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad Q_4 = Q_T = 1440 \mu C$$

$$W_1 = \frac{Q^2}{2C} = \frac{(1440 \cdot 10^{-6})^2}{2 \cdot 150 \cdot 10^{-6}} = \boxed{6.912 mJ}$$

8



$$\underline{U}_{AB} = 24 \angle 0^\circ \text{ V} \quad \omega = 10^5 \frac{\text{rad}}{\text{sec}} \Rightarrow \underline{X}_{L1} = \underline{X}_{L2} = j\omega L_1 = j10^5 \cdot 40 \cdot 10^{-3} = j4 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\underline{X}_C = -j \frac{1}{\omega C} = -j \frac{1}{10^5 \cdot 2.5 \cdot 10^{-9}} = -j4 \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\begin{aligned} \textcircled{a} \quad \underline{Z}_1 &= R_1 + \underline{X}_{L1} = (2 + j4) \text{ k}\Omega = 4.472 \angle 63.43^\circ \text{ k}\Omega \\ \underline{Z}_2 &= R_2 + \underline{X}_C = (2 - j4) \text{ k}\Omega = 4.472 \angle -63.43^\circ \text{ k}\Omega \\ \underline{Z}_3 &= R_3 + \underline{X}_{L2} = (2 + j4) \text{ k}\Omega = 4.472 \angle 63.43^\circ \text{ k}\Omega \end{aligned}$$

$$\textcircled{b} \quad \underline{Z}_T = (\underline{Z}_2 \parallel \underline{Z}_3) + \underline{Z}_1 = \left(\frac{1}{2-j4} + \frac{1}{2+j4} \right)^{-1} + 2 + j4 = 5 + 2 + j4 = (7 + j4) \text{ k}\Omega = 8.062 \angle 29.74^\circ \text{ k}\Omega$$

$$\textcircled{c} \quad \underline{I}_2 = \frac{\underline{U}_{AB}}{\underline{Z}_2} = \frac{24 \angle 0^\circ}{2 - j4} = 5.366 \angle +63.43^\circ \text{ mA}$$

$$\underline{I}_3 = \frac{\underline{U}_{AB}}{\underline{Z}_3} = \frac{24 \angle 0^\circ}{2 + j4} = 5.366 \angle -63.43^\circ \text{ mA}$$

$$\underline{I}_1 = \underline{I}_2 + \underline{I}_3 = 4.8 \angle 0^\circ \text{ mA}$$

$$\textcircled{d} \quad \underline{U} = \underline{I}_1 \cdot \underline{Z}_T = 4.8 \angle 0^\circ \cdot (7 + j4) \approx 38.7 \angle 29.74^\circ \text{ V}$$

$$u(t) = 38.7 \sqrt{2} \cdot \sin(10^5 t + 29.74^\circ) = 54.73 \cdot \sin(10^5 t + 29.74^\circ) \text{ [V]}$$